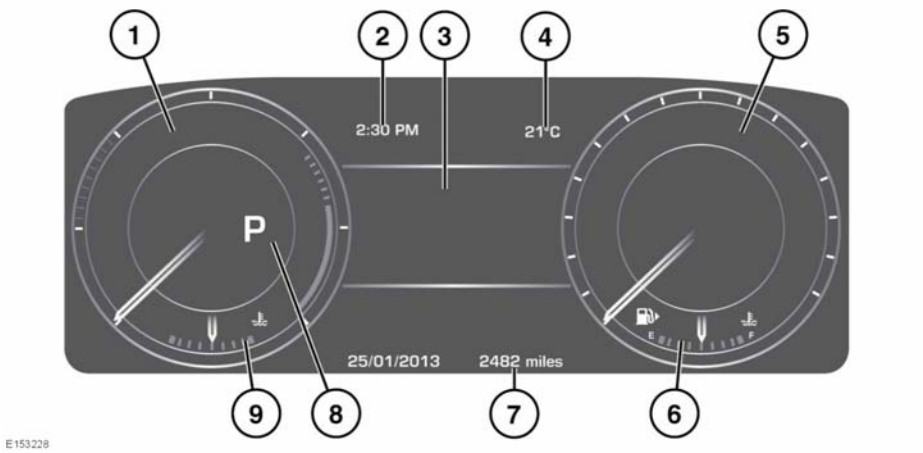
INSTRUMENT PANEL



1. Tachometer.
2. Clock.
3. Message centre.
4. External temperature.
5. Speedometer.
6. Fuel gauge.
7. Total distance (odometer) and trip recorder.
8. Gear selector position display.
9. Temperature gauge.

Never allow the engine to run out of fuel. The resultant misfire can seriously damage the catalytic converter.

If the amber low fuel warning lamp illuminates, the vehicle should be refuelled as soon as possible. The approximate distance that can be travelled on the remaining fuel can be viewed via the Trip computer Distance to Empty function. See **47, TRIP COMPUTER**.

As a reminder for the location of the fuel filler, there is an arrow next to the fuel pump symbol, pointing to the relevant side of the vehicle.

Serious engine damage can occur if the vehicle is driven while the engine is overheating.

If the temperature gauge pointer moves into the red section at the top of the scale, the engine is overheating. Stop the vehicle as soon as safety permits and allow the engine to idle until the temperature reduces. If the temperature does not reduce after several minutes, switch off the engine and allow to cool. If the problem persists, seek qualified assistance immediately.

Note: *If engine overheating occurs, there may be a noticeable reduction in engine power and the air conditioning may cease operation. This is a normal operating strategy, to reduce load on the engine and assist with cooling.*